

Ribonuclease Inhibitor

Cat. No. 27052 50µl

SOURCE Human Placena
CONCENTRATION 40U /µl
STORAGE Store at -20°C
STORAGE BUFFER 20mM HEPES-KOH (pH 7.5),
50mM KCl,
5mMDTT,
50% Glycerol

QC DATA Nuclease activity is not detected

PURIFICATION
RNase inhibitor is purified from human placenta by affinity chromatography on an immobilized RNase A column.

- APPLICATION**
- General RNase A inhibition
 - Protection of mRNA in cDNA synthesis
 - Improvement of protein translation performance
 - Increased yields and activity of polysomes
 - Improvement of in vitro virus replication
 - Improvement of RNA translation in homologous systems

UNIT DEFINITION
One unit is the amount of enzyme required to inhibit by 50% the activity of 5 ng of Rnase A at 25oC (This inhibitor activity is determined by its ability to inhibit hydrolysis of cyclic 2', 3'-CMP by Rnase A).

QUALITY CONTROL
Nuclease activity is not detected in either of the following cases, as judged from the agarose gel electrophoresis pattern.
After incubation of 1µg of DNA-Hind III fragments with 300 units of enzyme for 1 hour at 37°C
1) After incubation of 1µg of supercoiled pBR322 DNA with 300 units of enzyme for 1 hour at 37°C
2) Migrates as a single band of 50 kilodaltons in SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.
Note : Enzyme inhibits in a wide pH range, but most strongly at pH 7~8.
Requires DTT of at least 1 mM to be active.

GENERAL USE
Use 1µl of RNase inhibitor in a 20µl of reaction

